RETROSPECTIVE ANALYSIS OF VARIOUS UDDER AND TEAT AFFECTIONS IN GOATS

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SUMMARY

Retrospective analysis of 5358 goats which were registered at VCC during January 2018 to December 2019 revealed 1421 (26.52%) were the cases of surgical affections and 3937 (73.47%) were medicinal cases included the gynaecological affections as per their diseased conditions and treatment. Total 179 goats were affected with various affections of teat and udder were presented during this period. Among them the incidence of udder affections was found to be higher 107 (59.78%) than the teat affections 72 (40.22%) in goats. The affections of the udder comprises of the non-surgical affection *i.e.* mastitis in 58 (32.40%) followed by gangrenous mastitis in 14 (7.82%), fibrosis of udder in 13 (7.26%), wounds on udder in 10 (5.58%), oedema of udder in 09 (5.02%) and udder abscess in 03 (1.67%) in goats while the incidence of teat affections comprises of teat fistula in 37 (20.67%) followed by thelitis in 11 (6.14%), teat obstruction in 09 (5.02%), teat lacerations in 08 (4.47%) and growth on teat 07 (3.91%) in goats. The distribution of overall affections of udder and teat in goats was highest in 3-4 year age group (n=60, 33.50%). The seasonal distribution of various affections of udder and teat revealed the udder affections were observed higher in winter season (n=31, 17.32%) while the teat affections were higher 17.32% (n=31) in pre-monsoon.

Keywords: Goat, Retrospective analysis, Teat, Udder

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As per 20th Livestock Cencus-2019, total population of goats was148.88 million contributing as 27.80% (approx.) of total livestock population of India and 4.87 million in Gujarat contributing as 18.12% of total livestock population. According to Basic Animal Husbandry Statistics-2019 (2019), 3% milk production was contributed by goat milk from 187.75 million tonnes during 2018-2019. Any clinical affections of udder and teat causes great economic loss to poor farmers. The work on various affections of udder and teat in India is very merge, even the available literature regarding the same is very less documented, so in the present study the same is documented scientifically.

The retrospective analysis of records pertaining to the cases presented for affections of udder and teat at Veterinary Clinical Complex, College of Veterinary Science and Animal Husbandry, Anand Agricultural University, Anand was carried out for the period from January-2018 to December-2019. The details of the results are presented in Table 1.

A total of 5358 goats were registered for various affections under Veterinary Clinical Complex, among them 1421 (26.52%) were the cases of surgical affections and 3937 (73.47%) were medicinal (non-surgical) cases for various affections. Among them 179 (3.34%) goats were affected with various affections of udder and teat out of total cases of goats. The incidence of the udder affections was found to be higher 59.78% (n=107) than the teat affections 40.22% (n=72). The year wise distribution

of affections of udder was 32.40% (n=58) for the year 2018 and 27.37% (n=49) for 2019 while affections of teats were higher 21.79% (n=39) for the year 2018 and 18.43% (n=33) for the year 2019.

In the present study udder and teat affections were 3.34 % in goats. In contrary to the findings of the present study, higher incidence was reported by Garg (1995) in Rajasthan, Chakrabarti *et al.* (2014) in Bihar and Ali *et al.* (2020) in Kuwait. This might be due to shorter duration of study periods and population of goat in particular geographic area.

The incidence of various affections of the udder and teat are presented in Table 2. In the present study mastitis and teat fistula found to be highest affections. The lower incidence of mastitis reported by Megersa *et al.* (2010) and Kotb *et al.* (2020) whereas similar findings for other affections by Chakrabarti *et al.* (2014) while Ali *et al.* (2020) reported higher udder gangrene and lower various teat affections. Garg (1995) reported teat fistula and teat obstruction as a major affection might be due to lactating udder is more prone to infection during lactating period and become more pendulous so the teat is also more prone to trauma by wire fencing or also interfere in locomotion and while sitting or lying down.

The distribution of overall affections of udder and teat in goats pertaining to the age was reported highest in 3-4-year age group (33.50%; n=60) followed by above 5-year age group 29.00% (n=52), 4-5 year age group (22.90%; n=41), 2-3 year age group (8.3%; n=15) and lowest in 1-2 year age group (6.1%; n=11). The incidence of affections

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Table 1

Overall incidence of udder and teat affections in goats from January 2018 to December 2019

| Affections | Year 2018 | Year 2019 | Total |
|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Surgical affections | 770 (14.37%) | 651 (12.15%) | 1421 (26.52%) |
| Non-surgical affections | 1954 (36.46%) | 1983 (37.01%) | 3937 (73.47%) |
| Total | 2724 (50.84%) | 2634 (49.16%) | 5358 (100%) |

Table 2
Incidence of various affections of udder and teat in goats

| includince of various affections of udder and teat in goats | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| Year 2018 | Year 2019 | Total | | | |
| 32 | 26 | 58 (32.40%) | | | |
| 06 | 08 | 14 (7.82%) | | | |
| 07 | 06 | 13 (7.26%) | | | |
| 07 | 03 | 10 (5.58%) | | | |
| 05 | 04 | 09 (5.02%) | | | |
| 01 | 02 | 03 (1.67%) | | | |
| 58 (32.40%) | 49 (27.37%) | 107 (59.78%) | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 20 | 17 | 37 (20.67%) | | | |
| 05 | 06 | 11 (6.14%) | | | |
| 03 | 06 | 09 (5.02%) | | | |
| 06 | 02 | 08 (4.47%) | | | |
| 05 | 02 | 07 (3.91%) | | | |
| 39 (21.79%) | 33 (18.43%) | 72 (40.22%) | | | |
| 97 | 82 | 179 | | | |
| | Year 2018 32 06 07 07 05 01 58 (32.40%) 20 05 03 06 05 39 (21.79%) | Year 2018 Year 2019 32 26 06 08 07 06 07 03 05 04 01 02 58 (32.40%) 49 (27.37%) 20 17 05 06 03 06 06 02 05 02 39 (21.79%) 33 (18.43%) | | | |

of udder was higher (20.67%; n=37) in 3-4 year age group followed by 16.75% (n=30) in above 5 year age group, 12.29% (n=22) in 4-5 year age group, 5.58% (n=10) in 2-3 year age group and 4.46% (n=8) in 1-2 year age group whereas incidence of affections of teat in goats was highest 12.84% (n=23) for 3-4 year age group followed by 12.29% (n=22) for age group of above 5 year age, 10.61% (n=19) goats from 4-5 year age group, 2.79% (n=05) goats from 2-3 year age groups and 1.67% (n=03) goats from 1-2 year age group.

The seasonal distribution of various affections of udder and teat in goats presented in Table 3. In the present study the incidence of udder and teat affections as overall and individual found to be highest in age group of 3-4 years and also in winter season. Garg (1995) also reported the udder and teat affections were highest in age group 4-5 years followed by in animals above 5 years and obstruction of teat higher in 3-4 years and minimum (10.53%) in 2-3 years age groupwhich are similar to the present study. Chakrabarti *et al.* (2014) reported highest incidence in lactating animals than non-lactating animals and in

Table 3
Season wise distribution of various affections of udder and teat in goats from January 2018 to December 2019

| | _ | • | | |
|-----------|--------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|
| Affection | s of Udder | Year 2018 | Year 2019 | Total |
| Seasons | Pre-monsoon | 06 | 21 | 27 (15.08%) |
| | Monsoon | 18 | 07 | 25 (13.97%) |
| | Post-monsoon | 09 | 15 | 24 (13.40%) |
| | Winter | 25 | 06 | 31 (17.32%) |
| Total | | 58 | 49 | 107 (59.78%) |
| Affection | s of Teat | | | |
| Seasons | Pre-monsoon | 11 | 20 | 31 (17.32%) |
| | Monsoon | 10 | 03 | 13 (7.26%) |
| | Post-monsoon | 06 | 04 | 10 (5.59%) |
| | Winter | 12 | 06 | 18 (10.05%) |
| Total | | 39 | 33 | 72 (40.22%) |
| Grand To | tal | 97 | 82 | 179 |
| | | | | |

monsoon months. due to improper drainage systems at many places.

The incidence of the udder affections found to be higher than the teat affections in goats. Among various affections of the udder comprises of the mastitis was reported highest amongst overall affections of udder and teat fistula was found to be highest among the teat affections. The distribution of overall affections of udder and teat in goats pertaining to the age was reported highest in 3-4 year age group. The udder affections were observed higher in winter season as comprised to other seasons.

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